Merchant Investors Staff Pension Scheme

Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP")

Purpose of this Statement

This SIP has been prepared by the Trustees of the Merchant Investors Staff Pension Scheme (the "Scheme"). This statement sets out the principles governing the Trustees' decisions to invest the assets of the Scheme.

The Scheme's investment strategy is derived from the Trustees' investment objectives. The objectives have been taken into account at all stages of planning, implementation and monitoring of the investment strategy.

Details on the Scheme's investment arrangements are set out in the Investment Implementation Document ("IID").

In reviewing and revising this Statement, the Trustees have consulted with Sanlam UK Limited (the "Company") and will do so whenever it intends to review this Statement. However, responsibility for maintaining the Statement and deciding the investment policy rests solely with the Trustees.

Governance

The Trustees of the Scheme make all major strategic decisions including, but not limited to, the Scheme's asset allocation and the appointment and termination of investment managers.

When making such decisions, and when appropriate, the Trustees take proper written advice. The Trustees' investment advisers, KPMG LLP, are qualified by their ability in, and practical experience, of financial matters, and have the appropriate knowledge and experience. The investment advisers' remuneration may be a fixed fee or based on time worked, as negotiated by the Trustees in the interests of obtaining best value for the Scheme.

Investment objectives

The Trustees invest the assets of the Scheme with the aim of ensuring that all members' current and future benefits can be paid. The Scheme's funding position will be reviewed on an ongoing basis to assess the position relative to the funding target and whether the investment arrangements remain appropriate to the Scheme's circumstances. The Scheme's funding target is specified in the Statement of Funding Principles.

The Scheme's present investment objective is to achieve a return of around 0.8% per annum above the return on UK Government bonds.

Investment strategy

The Trustees take a holistic approach to considering and managing risks when formulating the Scheme's investment strategy.

The Scheme's investment strategy was derived following careful consideration of the factors set out in Appendix A. The considerations include the nature and duration of the Scheme's liabilities, the risks of investing in the various asset classes, the implications of the strategy

(under various scenarios) for the level of employer contributions required to fund the Scheme, and also the strength of the sponsoring employer. The Trustees considered the merits of a range of asset classes.

The Trustees recognise that the investment strategy is subject to risks, in particular the risk of a mismatch between the performance of the assets and the calculated value of the liabilities. This risk is monitored by regularly assessing the funding position and the characteristics of the assets and liabilities. This risk is managed by investing in assets which are expected to perform in excess of the liabilities over the long term, and also by investing in a suitably diversified portfolio of assets with the aim of minimising (as far as possible) volatility relative to the liabilities.

The assets of the Scheme consist of investments which are traded on regulated markets.

Investment Management Arrangements

The Trustees have appointed one investment manager to manage the assets of the Scheme as listed in the IID. The investment manager is regulated under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

All decisions about the day-to-day management of the assets have been delegated to the investment manager via a written agreement. The delegation includes decisions about:

- Selection, retention and realisation of investments including taking into account all financially material considerations in making these decisions;
- The exercise of rights (including voting rights) attaching to the investments;
- Undertaking engagement activities with investee companies and other stakeholders, where appropriate.

The Trustees take the investment manager's policies into account when selecting and monitoring the manager. The Trustees also take into account the performance targets the investment manager is evaluated on. The investment manager is expected to exercise powers of investment delegated to them, with a view to following the principles contained within this statement, so far as is reasonably practicable.

As the Scheme's assets are invested in pooled vehicles, the custody of the holdings is arranged by the investment manager.

Investment Manager Monitoring and Engagement

The Trustees monitor and engage with the Scheme's investment manager and other stakeholders on a variety of issues. Below is a summary of the areas covered and how the Trustees seek to engage on these matters with the investment manager.

Areas for engagement	Method for monitoring and engagement	Circumstances for additional monitoring and engagement
Performance, Strategy and Risk	 The Trustees receive an annual performance report which details information on the underlying investments' performance, strategy and overall risks, which are considered at the relevant Trustee meeting. The Scheme's investment manager is sometimes invited, in person, to present to the Trustees on their performance, strategy and risk exposures. 	 There are significant changes made to the investment strategy. The risk levels within the assets managed by the investment manager has increased to a level above and beyond the Trustees' expectations. Underperformance vs the performance objective over the period that this objective applies.
Environmental, Social, Corporate Governance factors and the exercising of rights	The Trustees receive information from the investment manager on their approach to engagement.	 The manager has not acted in accordance with their policies and frameworks. The manager's policies are not in line with the Trustees' policies in this area.

Through the engagement described above, the Trustees will work with the investment manager to improve their alignment with the above policies. Where sufficient improvement is not observed, the Trustees will review the investment manager's appointment and will consider terminating the arrangement.

Employer-related investments

The policy of the Trustees is not to hold any employer-related investments as defined in the Pensions Act 1995 and the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005 except where the Scheme invests in collective investment schemes that may hold employer-related investments. In this case, the total exposure to employer-related investments will not exceed 5% of the Scheme's total asset value. The Trustees will monitor this on an ongoing basis to ensure compliance.

Direct investments

Direct investments, as defined by the Pensions Act 1995, are products purchased without delegation to an investment manager through a written contract. When selecting and reviewing

any direct investments, the Trustees will obtain appropriate written advice from their investment advisers.

Additional Voluntary Contributions

The Scheme provided a facility for Additional Voluntary Contributions ("AVCs") to enhance members' benefits at retirement. These funds are held separately to the assets of the Scheme and members can choose to invest in Sanlam's Pinnacle range of funds mainly consisting of inhouse and links to external investment managers OEIC's, investment and unit trusts.

Compliance

This Statement has been prepared in compliance with the Pensions Act 1995, the Pensions Act 2004, and the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005.

Before preparing or subsequently revising this Statement, the Trustees consulted with the sponsoring employer and took appropriate written advice. The Statement is reviewed at least every three years, and without delay after any significant change in the investment arrangements.

Signed	Date: 2-10-2019
Signed Ally	Date: 2-10-2019

For and on behalf of the Trustees of the Merchant Investors Staff Pension Scheme

Appendix A – Risks, Financially Material Considerations and Non-Financial matters

A non-exhaustive list of risks and financially material considerations that the Trustees have considered and sought to manage is shown below.

The Trustees adopt an integrated risk management approach. The three key risks associated within this framework and how they are managed are stated below:

Risks	Definition	Policy
Investment	The risk that the Scheme's position deteriorates due to the assets underperforming.	Selecting an investment objective that is achievable and is consistent with the Scheme's funding basis and the sponsoring employer's covenant strength. Investing in a diversified portfolio of assets.
Funding	The extent to which there are insufficient Scheme assets available to cover ongoing and future liability cash flows.	Funding risk is considered as part of the investment strategy review and the actuarial valuation. The Trustees will agree an appropriate basis, in conjunction with the investment strategy, to ensure an appropriate journey plan is agreed to manage funding risk over time.
Covenant	The risk that the sponsoring employer becomes unable to continue providing the required financial support to the Scheme.	When developing the Scheme's investment and funding objectives, the Trustees have taken into account the strength of the covenant, ensuring the level of risk the Scheme is exposed to is at an appropriate level for the covenant to support.

The Scheme is exposed to a number of underlying risks relating to the investment strategy, these are summarised below:

Risk	Definition	Policy	
Interest rates	The risk of mismatch	To broadly hedge 100% of the Scheme's	
and inflation	between the value of the	interest rate and inflation risk (using a	
	Scheme assets and present	combination of pooled LDI and Buy and	
	value of liabilities from	Maintain Funds) as measured on a Self-	
	changes in interest rates and	Sufficiency basis.	
	inflation expectations.		
Liquidity	Difficulties in raising	To maintain a sufficient allocation to	
	sufficient cash when	liquid assets so that there is a prudent	
	required without adversely	buffer to, pay members benefits as they	
	impacting the fair market	fall due (including transfer values) and	
	value of the investment.	provide collateral to the LDI mandate.	
Market	Experiencing losses due to	To remain appropriately diversified and	
	factors that affect the overall	hedge away any unrewarded risks, where	
		practicable.	

	performance of the financial markets.	
Credit	Default on payments due as part of a financial security contract.	To appoint an investment manager who actively manages this risk by seeking to invest only in debt securities where the yield available sufficiently compensates the Scheme for the risk of default. To diversify this risk by investing in a range of Buy and Maintain bucket funds.
Environmental, Social and Governance	Exposure to Environmental, Social and Governance factors, including but not limited to climate change, which can impact the performance of the Scheme's investments.	To appoint an investment manager who satisfies the following criteria, unless there is a good reason why the manager does not satisfy each criteria: 1. Responsible Investment ('RI') Policy / Framework 2. Implemented via Investment Process 3. A track record of using engagement and any voting rights to manage ESG factors 4. ESG specific reporting 5. UN PRI Signatory The Trustees monitor the manger on an ongoing basis.
Currency	The potential for adverse currency movements to have an impact on the Scheme's investments.	To broadly hedge all currency risk on assets that deliver a return.
Non-financial	Any factor that is not expected to have a financial impact on the Scheme's investments.	Non-financial matters are not taken into account in the selection, retention or realisation of investments.

Appendix B

The Trustees have the following policies in relation to the investment management arrangements for the Scheme:

How the investment manager is	Ag the Celement 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	As the Scheme is invested in pooled funds, there is
incentivised to align their	no scope for these funds to tailor their strategy and
investment strategy and decisions	decisions in line with the Trustees' policies.
with the Trustees' policies.	However, the Trustees invest in a portfolio of pooled
	funds that are aligned to the agreed strategic
	objective.
How the investment manager is	The Trustees review the investment manager's
incentivised to make decisions	performance relative to medium and long-term
based on assessments of medium	objectives.
to long-term financial and non-	The Trustees monitor the investment manager's
financial performance of an	engagement and voting activity on an annual basis as
issuer of debt or equity and to	part of their ESG monitoring process.
engage with them to improve	
performance in the medium to	
long-term.	
How the method (and time	The Trustees review the performance of all of the
horizon) of the evaluation of	Scheme's investments on a net of cost basis to
investment manager's	ensure a true measurement of performance versus
performance and the	investment objectives.
remuneration for their services	
are in line with the Trustees'	
policies.	
The method for monitoring	The Trustees do not directly monitor turnover costs.
portfolio turnover costs incurred	However, the investment manager is incentivised to
by the investment manager and	minimise costs as they are measured on a net of cost
how they define and monitor	basis.
targeted portfolio turnover or	
turnover range.	
The duration of the Scheme's	For open-ended funds, the duration is flexible and
arrangements with the	the Trustees will from time-to-time consider the
investment manager	appropriateness of these investments and whether
-	they should continue to be held.